Spring: Block Six

Ratio

Lesson One:

Lesson Objective: To use language associated with ratio.

ANCHOR TASK:

You have five minutes. Complete the grid.

Name:												
х	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1												
2												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												

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Ratio is used to show the relationship between two amounts.



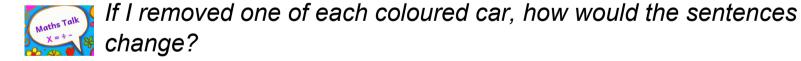
So in this example, for every two red cars there is one yellow car.

Complete the sentences.

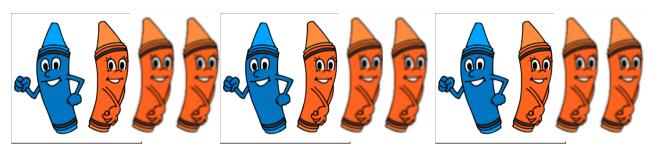


For every red car there are yellow cars.

For every two yellow cars, there are red cards.



Complete the sentences.



For every blue crayon there are orange crayons.

For every three yellow crayons, there is red crayon.



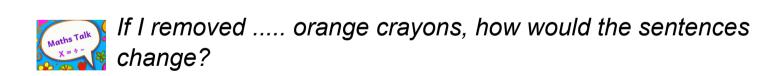
If I removed six orange crayons, how would the sentences change?

Complete the sentences.



For every blue crayon there are orange crayons.

For every three yellow crayons, there is red crayon.



Rearrange the cars to help you complete the sentences.



For every ____ red car, there are ____ yellow cars.

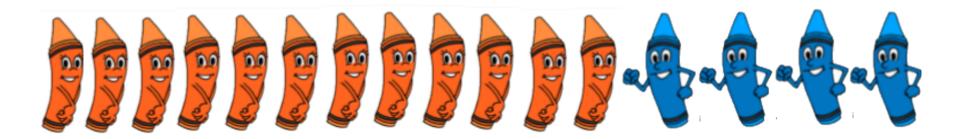
For every 2 red cars, there is ____ yellow car.

For every 9 red cars, there would be _____ yellow cars.



How can we use the original statement to predict the amount of cars there would be?

Complete the sentences.



For every ____ orange crayons, there are ____ blue crayons.

For every 4 orange crayons, there is _____ blue crayon.

For every 8 orange crayons, there would be _____ blue crayons...

Complete the sentences.



The ratio of mugs to glasses is:::



In which space do we put the amount of mugs? In which space do we put the amount of glasses?

Complete the sentences.



The ratio of phones to binoculars is::



In which space do we put the amount of phones? In which space do we put the amount of binoculars?

Complete the sentences.



The ratio of t-shirts to shirts is:::



In which space do we put the amount of t-shirts? In which space do we put the amount of shirts?

Take the boys and girls in your classroom.

How many for every..... sentences can you write?

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REASONING AND PROBLEM SOLVING:

Harry lays tiles in the following pattern:



If he has 24 yellow tiles and 23 red tiles can he continue his pattern without there being any tiles left over?

Explain why.

REASONING AND PROBLEM SOLVING:

True or False



- For every strawberry there are 3 bananas cubes.
- For every 2 bananas there is 1 strawberry.
- For every 4 bananas there would be 2 strawberries.
- For every 15 cubes, 30 would strawberries.